

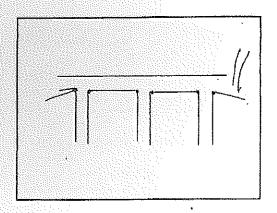
Key concepts

Flow - volume of water passing a point in the rive in cubic metres per second = speed of the water X cross section area (height X wildil)

Q100 is an event with probability 1 in 100 years Q100 flow = high flow (1% chance in any year).

Q2000 flow = !extreme! flow (0.05% chance any yr Flow load = horizontal force of a flow on a bridge Flow height = height of a given flow

Afflix = tendency of bridge piers to back up water raise the flow height



Cey points

Rivor flow load has little or no effection design of bridges / walkways in Brisbaus River

Dhe most erlical design netors are vertical load, ship clearance height, ship impact testance Orpiers, viole, ship impact e mude greater than even an extreme flow load

however, the Australian Bridge Design Code requires rivenflow/load estimates to checker . pridge piel strengti, and 2 <u>stflux</u> (waler backup)

Bridge pier strength is checked for the 'extreme' load of a Q2000 flow

- Water speed is the most important factor
- However, water speed is fairly constant for flows of this order, so Q2000 flow estimate can be approximate
- more accurate estimate of Q2000 flow requires estimation of maximum possible minfallievent, called Omax
- Met Bureau provided Qmax in 2001

What flow load was used to check the Goodwill Belingerpler strength in Nov 1999 and why?

Water apred at 02000 flow is the critical ussue

O2000 flow load was derived from the best available Q100 flow estimate which was 6,800 in la (Met Bureau had not provided Qinax).

SKM 1998 model was being refined; and latest draft.
Q100 flow estimate was \$1,000 m/s.

BCC requested a further check realising the invite conservative June 29 lestimate (\$1,000 m/s), / penaling frital estimation of \$1,000 using expert advice and final State DN&M dafa.

QFCI

Date:

Exhibit Number:

1: a.

BCC.170.1389

Goodwill Bridge Oct 1999 afflux check Why was June 1999 Q100 estimate used?

- In Nov 99, best available Q100 flow estimate was 6,800 m³/s at the Port Office, however.
- e: SKM 1998 model was being refined. In June 99, latest draft estimate was 8,600 m²/s
- Virtually no difference in afflix between 6,800 and 8,600 m³s. however...
- ...BCC requested a further clieck against the more conservative June '99 estimate (8,600 m³/s), pending fulal estimation of Q190 using expert advice and final State DNRM data

Riverwalk floating walkway - March 2001 - why was 6;800 m²/s used for 0100 check?

- In:Oct 2000, a stakeholder workshop advised that Q100 estimation process should continue, using expert advice and pending final State DNRM data but.
- .Q100 flow likely to be closer to 6,800 m³/s than previous estimates

Green Bridge Dutton Park May 2002 afflux check Why was 2001 SKM Ipswich Q100 flow estimate used?

- In May 2002, best available Q100 flow estimate was 6,800 m³/s at the Port Office.
- Virtually no difference in afflux at this order of flow, however...
- ...water speed; not flow, was the critical factor for afflux
- 2001 SKM Ipswich model had the most refined estimate of water speeds available

Green Bridge May 2002 strength check Why was 2001 SKM Ipswich Q2000 flow estimate used?

- Water speed (not flow) was the critical factor for strength check
- 2001 SKM Ipswich model had the most refined estimates for water speeds

In summary...

- Estimates of water flow, flow loads; water speed and afflux had no influence on the final designs of the Goodwill Bridge, Riverwalk and the Green Bridge
- However, the designs were checked against best available estimates and models, and more conservative estimates as a further check

Process to estimate Q100 flow 1998 - 2003

- · 1984 estimate Q100 flow at Port Office = 6,800 m³s
- 1993 State DNR estimate 9,380 m³s, with caveaus
 1998 SKM model draft estimate = 9,560 m³s (without)
- national runoff rules, over-conservative assumptions)
 end 1998 Professor Mein's peer review recommendations
- · June 1999 BCC City Design's dia flestimate = 8,600 m³s (Prof Mein's recommendations not fully incorporated)
- Dec 99 City Design 2nd draft estimate 8,000 m³s. (Prof. Mein's recommendations still not fully incorporated)
- Oct 2000: workshop with Prof Mein agree Q100 closer to 6;800 m²s (DNRM continues to support ~6;800 m²s)
 Tuly 2003: DNRM estimates 6;000 to 7,000 m²s

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