QFCI
Date: \(\frac{\mathsquare{\mathsq\eta}\eta}\q\eta\eta}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} \) \quare{\mathsquare{\mathsq\are{\mathsq\are

Name of Witness	Kenneth Leroy SCHMIDT
Date of Birth	·
Address and contact details	
Occupation	Farm Manager & Consultant
Officer taking statement	Detective Sergeant Paul Browne
Date taken	05/04/2011

I, Kenneth Leroy SCHMIDT state;

- 1. I am a year old married man, and currently reside with my wife

 Carolyn at Fernvale. I am employed as both a Farm

 Manager and a Consultant.
- 2. I live on and manage a rural property 'Rivermeade' which is approximately 600 acres, in the Fernvale area. The property has been farmed by my family since 1933 and is bordered by the Brisbane Valley Highway, Brisbane River and a residential estate known as Riverglen. I am both a Director and employee of Rivermead P/L which operates as a cattle and vegetable producer on the Rivermeade property. Rivermeade is made up of around 30-35% cattle grazing, 30-35% cultivation and 30% quarry.
- 3. I am a member and Chairman of the Mid Brisbane River Irrigators
 Incorporated (MBRI), which was established in 2005 to represent the
 rights of irrigators during the extended drought period along the mid
 Brisbane River (from Wivenhoe Dam to Mt. Crosby weir).

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I am able to produce documents of Incorporation for Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Incorporated.

Exhibit number...KLS-1

- 4. MBRI is made up of a group of around 150 Irrigators who own and operate farms along this section of the Brisbane River. Around half of those are financial members. In my position as Chairman I am authorised to speak on behalf of the Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Incorporated (MBRI).
- 5. On 11th March 2011 MBRI made a submission to the Queensland Flood Commission of Inquiry. That submission was contained in an 89 page report, which included a number of annexures, marked 1 through 11.

I am able to produce a copy of that submission and the relevant annexures referred to throughout the submission.

Exhibit number. KLS-2

6. This submission was prepared by me and members of the MBRI. I was a major contributor to that submission and am able to speak on behalf of and interpret that report. Although I have some knowledge of it the only annexure of the submission which is beyond my expertise is the graphs

Witness Signat Page Number 2 of 9

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associated with Annexure 4. This section of the submission was completed by Thomas WILKINSON.

- 7. Since making the submission MBRI have identified several areas of the report which require amendment. On page 7 (paragraph 24, last sentence) the submission should read: "7,500 cumecs *for three hours*".
- 8. On page 8 (paragraph 27) it should read: "It is both the volume and the force of the water which was released *followed by the rapid drain down phase* that has caused the devastation along the Brisbane River".
- 9. On page 15 (paragraph 64) the submission referred to letters that were sent to the Minister Stephen ROBERTSON and a response which was received post the January 2011 flood.

I am able to produce a copy of that correspondence referred to.

Exhibit number....KLS-3

10.On 28th March 2011, MBRI made a supplementary submission to the Queensland Flood Commission of Inquiry. That submission was prepared primarily by Thomas WILKINSON although I am familiar with the contents.

I am able to produce a copy of that supplementary submission.

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Page Number 3 of 9

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Exhibit number. KLS-4

- 11.Our primary reason for making these submissions was to ensure that if at all possible, this type of event can be avoided in the future. If a low risk strategy as MBRI suggested had been adopted then the January 2011 flooding would not have been as severe and may have even been avoided.
- 12.In addition to the submissions MBRI has concerns over the manner in which the dam fuse plugs operate and refer to the Seqwater 'Manual of Operational Procedures for Flood mitigation at Wivenhoe Dam and Somerset Dam' Revision 7, November 2009 (page 57).
- 13.By installing the fuse plugs in the Wivenhoe Dam wall, the flood mitigation capacity has been significantly reduced. The Dam no longer has the flood mitigation capacity reported on the Seqwater website.
- 14. My understanding is the fuse plugs were installed to cope with a 1 in 20000 250,000 year flood event, for the purpose of saving the Dam as the Dam is not designed to overtop and the gates would not be able to cope with the inflows in that large an event. If they are not going to let them blow or use them or if Dam safety is going to be compromised if the level goes over that of fuse plug one, why have them?

- 15.MBRI members and other mid Brisbane River residents are one of the groups most affected by the operations of Wivenhoe Dam because we live directly down stream from the Dam and in some instances, directly below the Dam. Due to our proximity to the Dam there is no time to take preventative steps when water is being released as it was on Tuesday afternoon and night, 11 January 2011.
- 16.MBRI members would like to take part in the flood operations manual review. Some MBRI members have experienced every flood on the mid Brisbane River during the past 60 years. We accept that we do not have technical knowledge but we have lived along the River and can offer valuable experience, knowledge and input.
- 17.MBRI broached this with Seqwater in December 2010 (as outlined in our submission) and wanted to meet with them and find out more about the release procedures. MBRI had sought a meeting to discuss that further but it never eventuated. We were not able to obtain a copy of the Manual because it was a protected document at the time.
- 18.After experiencing similar flooding in October 2010, although on a smaller scale, MBRI wanted to meet with FOC to discuss the manner of Dam operation and in particular the rapid releases and drain downs and the environmental effects of those on the River.

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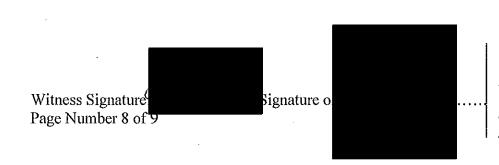
- 19. For the past five years MBRI has been asking Seqwater or its predecessor to change the release strategies and instead of having "fast up and fast down" to have "slow up, slow down" more like a natural flood. In the 1974 flood which was not a manmade event, there was little long term damage to the riverine environment and minimal riverbank slumping.
- 20.In MBRI opinion the trigger points in the Manual for flood operation for water releases are too high and by the time the water gets to those trigger points it is too late to avoid damage downstream.
- 21. Keeping bridges out of the water has a higher priority in the Manual than the riverine environment. By holding water in the Dam to keep the bridges open, the water in the Dam built up to such a level that when it was released in a hurry on the Tuesday night, there was no possibility to protect the rural life along the mid Brisbane River valley and the Fernvale urban area from devastation.
- 22. By not releasing the water early enough in this last event, to try and keep the low lying bridges out of the water and not inconvenience people, the Dam operators actually increased the risk to other urban areas.
- 23. Water in Lockyer Creek (which flows into the Brisbane River below Wivenhoe Dam) can only get to a certain height before it breaks its banks and spreads out across the flood plain.



- 24.In my opinion the only reason the level of Lockyer Creek then continued to increase was because when the Dam operators released water out of Wivenhoe Dam, it flowed from the Brisbane River back into Lockyer Creek.
- 25. It has been overlooked that a lot of the damage caused in the lower Lockyer was not due to flooding by the Creek but due to water backed up by the large release from Wivenhoe Dam.
- 26.Basically because of the strategy used by the Dam operators, they released a peak on a peak. Some people will say this is easy to say in hindsight, but MBRI had been raising this issue with Seqwater since December, 2010.
- 27. This comes back to the issues of how much water was being held in Wivenhoe Dam prior to the flood and the Flood Operations Manual restricting the operators from releasing water before a flood event. The Flood Operations Manual requires that at the end of a flood event Wivenhoe Dam must not be below FSL. This means water cannot be released to reduce the level below 67 metres AHD before a flood event. Nowhere in the Manual does it say the Dam has to be kept above FSL during a flood event.

Witness Signatu Page Number 7 of 9

- 28.MBRI differs with Sequater in its interpretation of the flood manual as it believes that more water could have been released on the Friday, Saturday and Sunday. MBRI considers the rain had already fallen in the upper catchment and Sequater knew that it was coming into the Dam, but they would not increase releases of water until it reached the prescribed trigger points in the manual. The Australian Newspaper reported a resident to the north of Wivenhoe Dam telephoning Sequater on Sunday of the imminent flood and being told to ring back on Monday.
- 29. Seqwater could have pre-released water continually at a higher level than they did and continued that on the Friday, Saturday and Sunday knowing that the weather bureau had predicted a major weather event as referred to in its e-mails to the MBRI members.
- 30.On Sunday there was up to 14,000 cumecs entering the Dam and only 1,300 being released which raises the question why the buffer was not increased earlier by increasing the water releases sooner.
- 31. On a personal note, as a result of the flood my company has suffered financial losses. These include reduced royalty incomes from the Quarry situated on Rivermead; damage to approx. 5 klm of fencing; reduction in available cultivation area for up to 12 months (resulting in ½ production); and submerged equipment including Irrigator boom.



- 32.Like other members of the Fernvale community we suffered the loss of electricity, mobile and landline phones from about the Tuesday of the flood, through until the following Saturday. We did not receive flood damage to the house, however did receive water damage to the roof and ceiling as a result of the rain. We were isolated on our block throughout the flood as the lower housing areas and road below us were inundated by flood water.
- 33. I am not making this submission or statement from a personal loss perspective but on behalf of the Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc who wants procedures put in place so an event such as the January 2011 flood does not happen again.



Kenneth Leroy SCHMIDT.

9th April 2011.

	Justices Act 1886
I acknowledge	e by virtue of section 110A(5)(c)(ii) of the Justices Act 1886 that:
(1)	This written statement by me dated 9 th April 2011 and contained in the pages numbered 1 to 9 is true to the best of my knowledge and belief; and
(2)	I make this statement knowing that, if it were admitted as evidence, I may be liable to prosecution for stating in it anything that I know is false.
	Signature
Sign	ed at <u>Lo voo</u>

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Page Number 9 of 9

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MBRI Submission to the Queensland Floods Inquiry

March 11



Catchment Management



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Annexure 11	Bundle of emails from Seqwater to MBRI members between above dates summarised in Annexure 3 above



- 1. The Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc (MBRI) was established in 2005 to represent the rights of irrigators during the extended drought period along the mid Brisbane River (from Wivenhoe Dam to Mt Crosby Weir) and to promote effective sustainable catchment management. Since the ending of the drought, the MBRI undertakes projects to promote water quality in the mid Brisbane River, that area from below Wivenhoe Dam to Mt Crosby Weir which is the water corridor for Brisbane's urban water supply.
- 2. A history of the MBRI and its dealings with the Department of Natural Resources ("DNR") and the later Department of Environment and Resource Management ("DERM") is found at <u>Annexure 1</u>.
- 3. Of significance to the January 2011 flood is that some of the MBRI members are from families who have been farming along the mid Brisbane River for four generations. In some of those families, at least two generations are still farming along the river. These members in particular have lived along the River all their lives and are familiar with its flows and patterns in fair weather seasons, in flood and in drought.
- 4. From late 2010 MBRI expressed concerns to Sequater that the operation of Wivenhoe Dam was inadequate to ensure the safety of the landholders and farms along the Mid Brisbane River. A chronology of these communications and later communications with other relevant parties is found at <u>Annexure 2</u>.
- 5. The Flood Event definition on Page 2 of the manual of Operational Procedures for Flood Mitigation ("FOM") is: "a situation where the Duty Flood Operations Engineer expects the water level in either of the Dams to exceed the full supply level."
- 6. Recognizing that definition, a Flood Event was current continuously from late December until 11 January 2011. Despite requests from MBRI, Seqwater has



- refused to divulge to MBRI the staged strategies implemented during that period.
- 7. Clause 8.4 on page 22 of FOM requires evolving strategies be chosen by the Flood Operations Control ("FOC") at all times during the period when the Dam level was substantially in excess of the Full Supply Level ("FSL"). On 29 December, 2010 it was as high as 123% and rose to 188.5% on 12 January, 2011.
- 8. In the period leading up to the January 2011 flood, by arrangement referred to in **Annexure 2** below at **para 55**, Seqwater sent emails to the MBRI members and landowners along the mid Brisbane River ("the Seqwater emails"). These emails have been summarised into a chart which, when read as a whole, shows the pattern of water release in relation to Wivenhoe Dam water levels and water inflow into the Dam. **Annexure 3** is the chart of e-mails.
- 9. It is the submission of MBRI that the objectives of the FOM were not met during the January 2011 flood in as much as the operations during that Flood Event did not:
 - Provide optimum protection of urbanised areas from inundation;
 - Minimise disruption to rural life in the valleys of the Brisbane and Stanley Rivers;
 - Minimise impacts to riparian flora and fauna during the drain down phase of the Flood Event

as referred to in the FOM.

10. The worst inundations in the January 2011 flood were for a period of less than 12 hours. Earlier lower releases would not have prevented inundation of properties but would have reduced the number of affected properties substantially. It is submitted however that once your house has been flooded to the eaves, whether it is 12 hours or three days makes little difference.



- 11. It is the opinion of MBRI that the strategies set out in the FOM are extremely high risk.
- 12. This is demonstrably so in this event where Seqwater admits in emails to the irrigators to holding back releases to prevent minor flooding of bridges only to be forced to make massive, destructive releases of water when its strategy failed. MBRI does not think the FOM is as prescriptive as saying each individual bridge should be preserved but rather that the primary strategies of safety and urban inundation should always be paramount.
- 13. It is the opinion of MBRI that Wivenhoe is an excellent facility built primarily for flood mitigation in Major or Extreme Flooding (as defined in FOM) in urban areas during a Flood Event.
- 14. It is expected that this goal should be the focus of all decisions when a major rain event is forecast and that FOC should not be diverted from this priority for any reason, and in particular in favour of minor infrastructure.
- 15. The records in the emails to the MBRI and in the Seqwater report show a continual sensitivity to the inundation of minor infrastructure at the expense of reserving flood storage compartment space, to cope with an extreme event.
- 16. By keeping water in the flood compartment Seqwater had a reduced capacity to mitigate the Extreme Event for which purpose the Dam was designed.
- 17. The language used in the Seqwater emails shows a constant awareness that the rain event from 5 January, 2011 to 12 January, 2011 had the potential to cause Major Flooding; yet the FOM makes no allowance for the danger and damage posed by a high energy emergency release with its high risk to life and the riverine environment.



- 18. MBRI has constantly requested a low risk approach releasing early low volumes of water and more gradual cut backs later, simulating natural events. Refer
 Annexure 2
- 19. The FOM in clause 8.3 forbids spillway gates being opened for flood control purposes prior to the reservoir level exceeding EL67.25. Clause 8.4 requires storage at Full Supply Level ("FSL") at the conclusion of a Flood Event. It is highly unlikely that FSL would be compromised in a significant flood event but clause 8.3 undoubtedly compromises the Dam operator's ability to achieve optimum flood mitigation.
- 20. The Dam operator is prevented from opening the spillway gates until the water level exceeds EL67.25.
- 21. No flexibility is allowed. If the water level in the Dam can not be reduced at the beginning of or prior to a Flood Event, by following clause 8.3 it compromises the Dam operator's ability to achieve optimal flood mitigation.
- 22. Several graphs have been prepared by MBRI depicting the water levels, releases and what could have occurred under different strategies. These graphs are included in **Annexure 4.**
- 23. The two graphs included for the Commission's consideration in **Annexure 4**(iv) compare strategies.
- 24. The Histogram of Actual Wivenhoe Releases (FOM High Risk Strategy) Annexure 4(iv) shows the amount of water released each day. The red markings in this graph show that the most water was released in two bursts of three hours each; the first at 6,700 cumecs for three hours and the second at 7,500 cumecs hours.
- 25. The second Histogram in Annexure 4(iv) entitled Histogram Showing MBRI Low Risk Strategy illustrates what the effect would have been if Seqwater had



- followed the recommendations and requests of MBRI. A flood mitigation release strategy as shown would have resulted in a maximum of 3,301 cumecs.
- 26. To assist the Commission, 7,000 cumecs is equal to 7 megalitres per second which is equal to approximately seven (7) Olympic swimming pools.
- 27. It is both the volume and the force of the water which was released that has caused the devastation along the mid Brisbane River.
- 28. The devastation of the mid Brisbane River can best be appreciated from flying the length of the River by helicopter with a representative of the area who has local knowledge of the River and conducting site inspections. The MBRI respectfully submits that this step be given serious consideration by the Commission. MBRI would be willing to assist if this step is to be taken.
- 29. To assist the Commission in its consideration of the affect of the January 2011 flood along the mid Brisbane River a number of photographs has been included in this Submission. These can be found at <u>Annexure 6.</u>



Ken Schmidt Chairman Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc. Signed 8.00am 11 March 2011

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Annexure 1

Mid Brisbane Rivers Irrigators Inc. (MBRI)

- 30. MBRI is made up of irrigators who include vegetable farmers, beef cattle farmers, one dairy farmer and turf farmers and others. Some of the families have been farming along the mid Brisbane River for four generations.
- 31. MBRI was formed after September 2005 when the DNR called a meeting in Ipswich of the irrigators along the Mid Brisbane River before the higher water restrictions were put in place in Brisbane. At that meeting the irrigators were told that the Department intended to reduce to 0% the existing irrigation licences while the people of Brisbane were still being allowed to put in swimming pools, fill swimming pools, wash cars and water lawns. When queried on this point, the response was that the government did not want to panic the people of Brisbane about water levels in Wivenhoe Dam.
- 32. Following the Ipswich meeting irrigators met in Fernvale and out of that meeting the Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc was formed. Committee members from this organisation met with the Department on numerous occasions and were alarmed by:
 - the lack of knowledge held by the Department relating to the River, inflows into the River and Wivenhoe Dam;
 - the lack of knowledge held by the Department relating to water requirements for effective irrigation;
 - the turnover of Departmental staff;
 - the inability of Departmental staff to answer questions on water issues;
 - the refusal of Departmental staff to provide information on water flows at the same time that the Department was seeking to revoke the water licences.
- 33. Notwithstanding these concerns MBRI sought to work actively with the Department throughout the drought and it did so, introducing voluntary logbooks showing reduced irrigation by its members for submission to the



- Department each month. That MBRI did work effectively is recorded in the Hansard record of 10 November 2005.
- 34. Since the end of the drought the MBRI has continued to be active and at the Healthy Waterway Awards 2009 the MBRI won the Rural Award sponsored by Seqwater for Property Management Planning & Environmental Rehabilitation.
- 35. The MBRI has worked with SEQ Catchments to develop Property Management Plans with the objective being to ensure a high level of water quality in the mid Brisbane River by the implementation of best management practices and erosion rehabilitation projects.
- 36. The MBRI has been the recipient of substantial amounts of funding for workshops and field days that educate mid Brisbane River landowners on these issues.
- 37. More recently, MBRI has been granted \$19,375 from the Federal Government 'Caring for Our Country' for lantana control of riparian areas along the mid Brisbane River, the key urban water corridor. The aim of this project was to improve riverbank stability by vegetation rehabilitation thus contributing to water quality for a significant proportion of the population in South East Queensland. (Permission is being sought to reallocate these funds as the lantana has been swept away in the January 2011 flood.)
- 38. It was with the environment, farmers' and business' interests in mind that the MBRI and other community members met with Sequater on 10 December 2010 following the 700,000 megalitres of water released in October 2010. Those releases commenced suddenly and ceased suddenly, and resulted in major riverbank slumping and vegetation loss along 60 kilometres of river bank. There was also significant damage to irrigation/stock water pumps, fences and business infrastructure along the River.
- 39. MBRI would seek to be included with "other stakeholders" with whom the Action officer may undertake discussions when the FOM is compiled. This is



one of the steps outlined in the Government brochure "DS 5.1 Flood mitigation manual for a dam" which, although it does not require that as a mandatory step to be taken by the Action officer, does make it allowable. Given the local knowledge held by MBRI in relation to Wivenhoe Dam inflows, other inflows into the mid Brisbane River and the character of the mid Brisbane River such discussions may be fruitful for the chief executive.

40. It is ironic that although MBRI has been working with Seqwater to promote water quality in the mid Brisbane River (the water corridor for Brisbane's urban water supply), water quality in the mid Brisbane River following the 2011 floods is now severely compromised and will be for a long time, leading to ongoing substantial costs for water treatment.



Annexure 2

Chronology of Communications between MBRI and Sequater

41. MBRI has been communicating its concerns about the operations of Wivenhoe Dam at meetings and in correspondence with Seqwater and DNR for an extended period. The following dates are relevant.

9 July, 2009

- 42. At this meeting with DNR the MBRI raised the inadequacies of the IQQM model which forecasts water releases and flows for Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams, Brisbane River, Lockyer Creek and Bremer River.
- 43. MBRI concerned model did not include total catchment (such as input from major & minor streams into mid Brisbane River & overland flow).
- 44. MBRI requested that IQQM model be amended to include this but DNR refused.
 MBRI requested access to the model to run some different scenarios but DNR refused.

6 September, 2010

45. At this meeting with officers of Seqwater and SEQCatchments, MBRI raised its concerns that the low river level in the mid Brisbane River, caused by reduced water releases from Wivenhoe Dam, had resulted in riverbank slumping and headwall erosion cuts in streams entering the river, even though at this time Wivenhoe Dam was at 95% FSL.

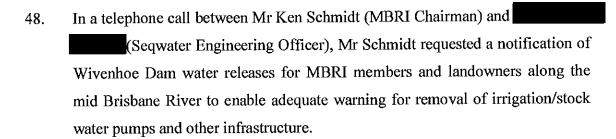
10 - 15 October, 2010

46. During this period, Seqwater made an unannounced large water release of 700,000 megalitres from Wivenhoe Dam which caused loss and damage to irrigation pumps and other infrastructure, and caused hydraulic drawdown and riverbank slumping, and disappearance of other landholder property along the mid Brisbane River.



47. This unannounced release also caused substantial damage to at least one another business in the area, Zanows' Quarry ("Zanows' "). Independently of MBRI, Zanows' has made its own submission to this Commission.

Mid October, 2010



49. An informal system of notification was agreed with schmidt who then emailed or telephoned MBRI members and landowners who then alerted others along the mid Brisbane River.

18 November, 2010

50. At the Rural Water Advisory Group meeting, Mr Ken Schmidt (MBRI Chairman) raised the necessity for a better and more formal communication from Seqwater to notify irrigators and landholders of water releases, as outlined above. Mr of Seqwater who was present was to follow up on a communication strategy for notification to irrigators on operational issues, such as storage releases.

10 December, 2010

- 51. At a meeting with Seqwater and SEQCatchments MBRI formally requested an early warning system be established to notify MBRI members and landowners along mid Brisbane River of Wivenhoe Dam water releases.
- 52. Mr Seqwater advised that it was the responsibility of the Councils along the river to inform landowners of water releases.
- 53. MBRI responded that such a system would not be practicable.



- 54. Seqwater agreed to provide MBRI members and landowners with water release email notifications in adequate time for those affected to attend to their property.
- 55. MBRI voiced concerns that those without emails would need to be contacted and Seqwater agreed to provide a 1800 number for this purpose. It was suggested to Seqwater by MBRI that more than one telephone line to that number would be needed.
- In relation to Wivenhoe Dam operations, MBRI expressed concerns about damage to property, riverbanks, pumps, pump sites, vegetation and the river environment due to the sudden quick up and down water releases that had been occurring. MBRI stressed the point that the mid Brisbane River should not be treated like a concrete drain but as a fragile natural ecosystem. In particular, that had been the view expressed to MBRI by DNR during the drought years when DNR argued for "environmental flow".
- of Seqwater advised that the FOM governed water releases and it was important to have minor bridges, such as Colleges Crossing, open for public use.

 MBRI expressed the view that Colleges Crossing is basically a low level causeway and that and all other bridges in the mid Brisbane River had been promised to be raised to allow for water flow and vehicular traffic.
- 58. MBRI suggested that the FOM be revised to reduce the level in Wivenhoe Dam to 70 80% to act as a buffer and to enable long, slow water releases with an extended drain down phase to stop hydraulic drawdown of riverbanks, thus replicating a natural flow.
- 59. MBRI expressed the view that the water level in Wivenhoe Dam should be reduced to avoid the risk of flood in the forthcoming wet season.
- of Mr advised that water releases were governed by the FOM and that they were not able to be changed because this required legislative change which was too difficult and would take too long. Mr also advised MBRI were talking to the wrong people and 'they' (the Flood Operations Centre (FOC)) were in



charge of the FOM. This statement fails to consider the provisions of Part 1.8 Provisions for Variation of the Manual which specifically provides that Sequeter may approach the chief executive requesting a change to the FOM.

61. MBRI requested a meeting with FOC and a copy of the FOM but Mr stated that they were unable to release the FOM.

20 December, 2010

In an email from the MBRI Planning Co-ordinator Ms Jocelyn Bailey to Mr a meeting with FOC was formally requested. In an email reply dated 20 December 2010 from Mr Drury, he stated that he would arrange a meeting in early January (2011).

22 December, 2010

In an email from the MBRI Planning Co-Ordinator Ms Jocelyn Bailey to Mr of Seqwater, reference was made to the damage done by the water releases being dropped quickly in order to open Colleges Crossing for Christmas Day. responded in an email on 23 December, 2010.

23 December 2010

64. In a letter to the Minister for Natural Resources, Mining & Energy Mr Stephen Robertson, concerns were expressed about the operations of Wivenhoe Dam. No reply was received to this correspondence until follow up correspondence was sent post the January 2011 flood.

27 January 2011

65. MBRI met with Mr Wayne Wendt MP and Somerset Regional Council Chairman, Mr Graeme Lehmann requesting a meeting with FOC to avoid a repeat occurrence of the January flood.

2 February 2011

66. In a follow up email to Mr Wayne Wendt MP MBRI repeated its above request.



3 February 2011

- 67. Mr Wendt responded by email that he was "currently trying to ascertain" what could be done and would be back in touch as soon as he knew more.
- 68. Mr Wendt later sought confirmation of the issues raised by MBRI.
- 69. In an email from of Sequater, MBRI was advised that the Office of the Dam Safety Regulator had agreed to a meeting.

4 February 2011

70. MBRI responded to Mr Wendt by email, clarifying issues. Refer Annexure 10.

9 February 2011

71. A meeting was held with Dam Safety Officer (DERM) and Mr Graeme Lehmann and MBRI. Stated that because the rain fall event occurred south of the telemetry points in the catchment and in the central impoundment the rainfall was not accurately measured, the Dam levels therefore rose faster than the telemetry information suggested.

MERL

Annexure 3

Summary of Information from E-mails from SEQWater to MBRI Members

And Wivenhoe Dam Levels (*from SEQWater website records)

Between 13.12.2010 and 14.01.2011

River Heights		
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River riverbanks	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result	Cut only Twin Bridges, Savage's Crossing & College's Crossing	Twin Bridges may remain submerged for some time.
Inflows to Dam		
Estimated Flow		
Release Reduction Expected	To revert to 50 cumecs Thurs. 16 Dec.	
Forecast Rainfall		
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*6:30a.m. 103.1 %	Both Dams above FSL *7:00a.m.
Releasing Cumecs	300	300
T B B B	12:32p.m.	9:57a.m.
Day & Date NB. MBRI SEQW meeting 10.12.10 - 102.3%	Mon.13.12.2010	Wed.15.12.2010

River Heights				
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	No reference	No reference	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result	Low level crossings to reopen within 24 – 36 hrs		Twin Bridges, Savage's Crossing and College's Crossing to be submerged	Only low level crossings to be submerged
Inflows to Dam				Releasing fr Somerset Dam and additional inflow from Upper Bris River
Estimated Flow			63 cumecs	
Release Reduction Expected	Gate release to close			
Forecast Rainfall	+50mm on Sun-Mon. Storms next few days			Rain event developing
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time		*6:30a.m.		*Dam levels are not updated on weekends.
Releasing Cumecs	No amounts advised	One gate to open – no amount advised	50 – to increase to 315.	350
Time	6:55a.m.	1:27p.m.	7:52p.m.	6:44a.m.
Day & Date	Ths.16.12.10	Fri.17.12.10	Fri.17.12.10	Sat.19.12.2010



River Heights			
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	No reference	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result		All bridges bar Mt Crosby to be submerged and to reopen late Thurs 21**	
Inflows to Dam	Moderate to major flooding in Upper-Bris R & minor to moderate in Stanley R. Both Dams receiving flood water.		
Estimated Flow			Peak combined flow to be less than Oct 2010
Release Reduction Expected	Reducing release to compensate for Lockyer Ck. Release to be later increased but no amounts advised.	Midnight Wed. 22.12.10	
Forecast Rainfall			
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*7:00a.m.		*6:46a.m. 111.7%
Releasing Cumecs	Amounts not advised	Increased amount not stated but to further increase to 1300 on Tues.	Release brought fwd - 1275 from 5:00a.m.
Time	6:57a.m.	8:48p.m.	2:55a.m.
Day & Date	Mon.20.12.10	Mon.20.12.2010	Tues.21.12.10

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River Heights		
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result	No estimate of times for crossing openings is available.	Mid-Bris.R. crossings to reopen by Fri a.m.
Inflows to Dam		
Estimated Flow	Peaked combined flow similar to Oct 2010	
Release Reduction Expected	Not until early Thurs, then to progressively reduce.	Gate closing from 4p.m. Takes 24 hrs to close.
Forecast Rainfall	Significant rainfall to occur next week, catchments wet so early run-off.	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00a.m. 106.4%	
Releasing Cumecs	1440 since 6:30p.m. last night.	No amount advised.
Time	8:25a.m.	4:23p.m.
Day & Date	Wed.22.12.2010	Wed.22.12.2010

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River Heights			
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	No reference	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result	Crossings estimated to open for 23/24.12.2010	All crossings bar Kholo and Burtons Bridge to be closed.	Burton's Bridge and Mt Crosby Weir bridge to remain open.
Inflows to Dam			
Estimated Flow		To allow Burton's & Kholo bridges to stay open. Amount not advised.	Flows to be maintained tomorrow to keep high level crossings opened.
Release Reduction Expected			
Forecast Rainfall	Situation to deteriorate over long weekend.		Current severe weather warnings
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00a.m. 102.6 %		*6:25a.m.
Releasing Cumecs	Gates still closed.	No amount advised. Gate release to be managed to keep open crossings.	Gate operations ceased at 1p.m.
Time	7:50a.m.	11:55a.m.	4:52p.m.
Day & Date	Ths. 23.12.2010	Ths. 23.12.2010	Fri.24.12.2010

Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	No reference	No reference	No reference
Advised Expected Result	High level crossings to remain open. If expected rain falls, greater potential for crossing closures.		
Inflows to Dam			
Estimated Flow		Minor stream rises in the catchments.	Lockyer Creek mod. to major flood & peak to reach Bris.R.
Release Reduction Expected			Gates to be closed.
Forecast Rainfall	Total rainfall forecast 100- 150mm over catchment for next 4 days.		Severe weather warning reissued and
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*Dam levels are not updated on weekends.		*9:00a.m. 106.4 %
Releasing Cumecs	Max.release 350. If expected rain falls, expect larger release rates.		Reduced flow from Wivenhoe Dam.
Time	10 :24a.m.	6:53p.m.	7:58a.m.
Day & Date	5un. 26.12.2010	Sun. 26.12.2010	Mon.27.12.2010

River Heights

Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and Riverbanks		Total peak flow in mid- Bris R. to be maintained at 1500 cumecs, similar to peaks of recent releases.
Advised Expected Result	Burtons Bridge will remain open till 4pm then remain closed until Wed.	Burton's and Kholo Bridges to be submerged
Inflows to Dam		
Estimated Flow		
Release Reduction Expected		
Forecast Rainfall	further heavy rainfall expected in catchment.	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00a.m. 106.4%	*2:00p.m.
Releasing Cumecs	Gate closed late morning. Releases to recommence once Lockyer Ck peak passes. No amount advised.	Lockyer Crk is still rising. Releases to recommence once Lockyer Ck peak passes. No amount advised.
Time	7:58a.m.	2:05p.m.
Day & Date	Mon.27.12.2010 Cont'd	Mon.27.12.2010

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River Heights			
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	Lockyer Ck still rising at O'Reillys Weir. This major flood to cause moderate river level rises in the mid-Bris R.	No reference	
Advised Expected Result	High level crossings may open Sunday morn.Fernvale Bridge to remain open. Mt Crosby Weir bridge may be impacted.	Release to continue till Saturday. High level crossings may open on Sunday.	
Inflows to Dam			
Estimated Flow	To keep total flow at 1500 cumecs if possible	Total flow to continue at 1600 cumecs, similar to Oct & Dec.	
Release Reduction Expected		Close down phase to begin Saturday	: :
Forecast Rainfall			
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time		*8:00a.m. 123%	*7:00a.m.
Releasing Cumecs	Releases may recommence but dependant upon peak flow from Lockyer Ck. No amount advised.	Release rate increasing but no amount advised.	
Time	9:36a.m.	8:30a.m.	
Day & Date	Tue.28.12.2010	Wed.29.12.2010	Ths.30.12.2011

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Day & Date	Time	Releasing Cumecs	Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	Forecast Rainfall	Release Reduction Expected	Estimated Flow	Inflows to Dam	Advised Expected Result	Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	River Heights
Fri. 31.12.2010	8:30a.m.	1600	*8:00a.m. 112.7%		Gates to close late evening and cease release Sunday.	Continuing minor flows from Lockyer Creek.		Twin Bridges to remain submerged. Burton's Bridge to open Sunday.	No reference	
Fri.31.12.2010	2:37p.m.		*8:00a.m. 112.7% Dam still above FSL.		Gate closures to commence at midnight and to cease midday Sunday 2/1.			Burtons Bridge to reopen Sunday & Colleges Crossing to reopen Monday.	No reference	
No e-mails were received between 1.1.2011 & 4.1.2011 inclusive										



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River Heights			
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks			No reference
Advised Expected Result			To keep high level crossings open for as long as possible.
Inflows to Dam			
Estimated Flow			Lockyer Creek still flowing and rising.
Release Reduction Expected			
Forecast Rainfall		Severe weather warning for next few days. $100-200$ mls may occur.	BOM forecast for rain until Tues next week.
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*6:30a.m.	*6:30a.m. 102.4% Wivenhoe and Somerset Dams still above FSL and rising slowly.	*6:30a.m. 103.2%
Releasing Cumecs		Likely to release flood waters in the near future if BOM's forecasts are accurate.	To commence releases to a maximum of 250 by 10pm.
Time Time		12:26p.m.	12:32p.m.
Day & Date	Tue. 04.01.2011	Wed 05.01.2011 Red Category	Ths. 06.01.2011 Red Category

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River Heights		
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks		No reference
Advised Expected Result	be submerged for a couple of days again.	High level crossings to be submerged
Inflows to Dam	Flooding situation has deteriorated. Upper Bris R at moderate flood levels.	Somerset Dam to be released into Wivenhoe Dam.
Estimated Flow	Lockyer Creek rising to peak at 600 – 700 cumecs at O'Reillys Weir late Fri	Peak rate to be held and continue until end of week.
Release Reduction Expected		To continue releasing until the end of the week.
Forecast Rainfall		Heavy rainfall from Sunday to Tuesday.
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	Wivenhoe & Somerset Dams both rising.	*7:00 a.m 106.3%
Releasing Cumecs		Initially 1200 may be up to 1500 rapidly if conditions deteriorate.
Time	4:39p.m.	10:56.m.
Day & Date	Ths. 06.01.2011	Fri. 07.01.2011

Release Reduction Expected	
Forecast Rainfall	Return of rainfall tonight. Forecast for next 4
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*Dam levels are not updated on weekends.
Releasing Cumecs	1250
Time	8:26a.m.
& Date	08.01.2011

Dav & Date	Time	Releasing	Wivenhoe	Forecast	Release	Estimated	Inflows to	Advised	Advised	Ríver
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		Cumecs	-	Kalliall	Veduction	\$ 0 1		ראוֹשברובת		
			Dam Level		Expected			Result	Mid-Bris	
			at set time		•				River and	
									riverbanks	
-			-							
Sat.08.01.2011	8:26a.m.	1250	*Dam levels	Return of			1111 11111111	Crossings to	To max flow	
			are not	rainfall				be affected	1600 cumecs	
			updated on	tonight.				until 12/1.	in Mid-Bris	
			weekends.	Forecast					R. including	
				for next 4		,			Lockyer.	
				days is for						
				significant						•
				rainfall						
				across SE						
				Old.						
Sun. 09.01.2011	8:33p.m.	1400	*Dam levels	Heavy rain			Major	Crossings to	Aim is for	
			are not	until			flooding in	be affected	max flow	
			updated on	Tuesday.			catchments.	until 15/1.	1600 cumecs	
			weekends.						in mid-Bris.	
							5,000 cumecs		R. for 24	
							in upper-		hours	
							Bris. R. &	Fernvale) 5	
							3,000 cumecs	Bridge and Mt		
							in Stanley R.	Crosby may		
							and rainfall	be affected		
							continuing	early Tuesday		
								morning.		

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River Heights		
River Heigh		
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	Comparisons with 1974 flood levels at Savages Crossing and Mt Crosby – 8 to 9 m below 1974	
Advised Expected Result	Fernvale Bridge affected and Mt Crosby closed.	Strategy of peak flow of 4,000 cumecs in lower Brisbane R. and to minimise flooding in urban areas.
Inflows to Dam	Rapid increase in river levels & inflow rates in Upper-Bris R, similarities to 1974 peak flows at Savages Crossing [below Wivenhoe D]	
Estimated Flow		
Release Reduction Expected		
Forecast Rainfall	·	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00a.m. 148.4%	*9:00a.m. 148.4%
Releasing	Increase in release rates. Target is 2600 cumecs, potential peak rate is 3500 cumecs.	2400 to increase to 2800 but not yet scheduled.
Tine B	3:25a.m.	9:03p.m.
Day & Date	Mon.10.01.2011	Mon.10.01.2011

Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	
Advised Expected Result	No change to overall strategy of peak flow of 4,000 cumecs in lower Brisbane R.
Inflows to Dam	
Estimated Flow	No significant rise has occurred at lower Lockyer gauging stations.
Release Reduction Expected	
Forecast Rainfall	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00 a.m. 175.9%
Releasing Cumecs	2730
Time	2:42a.m.
Day & Date	Tue. 11.01.2011

Mt Crosby Weir:

15.68m

Burton's Bridge: 12.16m

Savage's Crossg:

15.77m

Lowood: 15.89m

River Heights

River Heights	Lowood: 16.13m Savage's Crossg: 16.19m. Bridge: 12.94m Mt Crosby Weir: 16.23m
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	
Advised Expected Result	Attempting to maintain flows of 4,000 cumecs in lower Brisbane R. New target flow in lower Brisbane R. will be 5,000 cumecs including all streams.
Inflows to Dam	Another flood in Upper-Bris R. Reduced flows from Somerset D to Wivenhoe Dam
Estimated Flow	O'Reillys Weir [Lockyer Ck] beginning to rise. River will rise with Lockyer Ck but attempt to hold Dam releases until peak of Lockyer Ck passes.
Release Reduction Expected	
Forecast Rainfall	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	
Releasing Cumecs	Entering conditions where Dam Safety overrides other concerns.
Time	6.53a.m.
Day & Date	Tue. 11.01.2011

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River Heights	Lowood: 17.05m Savage's Crossg: 18.33m Burton's Bridge: 14.82m Mt Crosby Weir: 16.76m
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	
Advised Expected Result	Please check your options for relocation.
Inflows to Dam	
Estimated Flow	River levels to rise significantly.
Release Reduction Expected	
Forecast Rainfall	Current severe weather alert & further falls of heavy rainfall appear likely.
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00 a.m. 175.9%
Releasing Cumecs	Increasing to 3500 by Lunch Now in a critical phase as lake approaching the next trigger level.
Time	9:50a.m.
Day & Date	Tue. 11.01.2011

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River Heights	Lowood:	21.97m –	unconfirmed	peak for	1974 22m;		savage s	Crossg:	21.67m —	DERM peak	for 1974	23.8m;		Burton's	Bridge:	17.14m;	Mt Crosby	Weir:21.64m	- BoM peak	for 1974	26.7m.
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	Flood levels	to be	significantly	higher than	1974 flood.																
Advised Expected Result																					
Inflows to Dam	Release rate	will match	estimated	inflow rate.																	
Estimated Flow	Release	exceeds	1974 peak	flow rate of	7500	cumecs at	Savage's	Crossing.													
Release Reduction Expected																					
Forecast Rainfall																					
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	Expected to	reach	maximnm	level of	75.5m	provided no	further	significant	rainfall. This	is 0.1m	below	trigger leve	for fuse-	plug No. 1.						***************************************	
Releasing Cumecs	@ 00 2 9	5:30pm and	increasing to	8,000 by	8:30p.m.																
Time	7:43p.m.																				
Day & Date	Tue. 11.01.2011			***************************************	reference to	refeconniquimeation	broblems													•	

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River Heights	Lowood: 24.37m – peaked at 25.09m Savage's Crossg: 23.99m –	peaked at 24.13m Burton's Bridge: 18.4 and rising	Mt Crosby Weir: 24.84m peaked at 24.91m but rising
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks			
Advised Expected Result			
Inflows to Dam			
Estimated Flow			
Release Reduction Expected		•	
Forecast Rainfall			
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*9:00 a.m 188.5%		
Releasing Cumecs	4300 reduced from 7500. Unknown when it was 7500.		
Time Time	5:04a.m.		
Day & Date	Wed.12.01.2011		

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River Heights	Lowood: 21.35m, falling; Savage's Crossg: 23.09m, falling; Burton's Bridge: 19.68m rising Mt Crosby Weir: 26.0m static.
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks	
Advised Expected Result	
Inflows to Dam	Somerset D continuing to discharge over its spillway.
Estimated Flow	
Release Reduction Expected	
Forecast Rainfall	
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	
Releasing Cumecs	2,500 at 7:30a.m. After Lockyer Ck peak flow enters the Mid-Bris R. will increase to 3,500. Max flow will be 4,000.
Time	9:15a.m.
Day & Date	Wed.12.01.2011



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River Heights	Lowood: 14.91m, falling;	Savage's Crossg: 14.91m, falling;	Burton's Bridge: no valid data;	Mt Crosby Weir:	19.82, falling.
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks					
Advised Expected Result					
Inflows to Dam	Increased drainage of Somerset D.				
Estimated Flow					
Release Reduction Expected					
Forecast Rainfall					
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time	*10:00 a.m. - 1 86.5 %				
Releasing Cumecs	2,500 – expected to increase.				
Time	11:48a.m.				
Day & Date	Ths. 13.01.2011	Reference to communication problems			

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River Heights	Lowood: 14.65m, falling; Savage's Crossg: 14.59m, falling; Burton's Bridge: unreliable data; Mt Crosby Weir: 19.16, falling.	
Advised Effect on Mid-Bris River and riverbanks		
Advised Expected Result		
Inflows to Dam		
Estimated Flow	River rises will occur.	
Release Reduction Expected		
Forecast Rainfall		
Wivenhoe Dam Level at set time		*9:00 a.m 179 %
Releasing Cumecs	To increase to 2,800 by 6p.m. with target of 3,500 at Moggill (downstream of junction of Bremer & Brisbane R.)	3,500.
Time	12:47p.m.	10:37a.m.
Day & Date	Ths. 13.01.2011	Fri. 14.01.2011

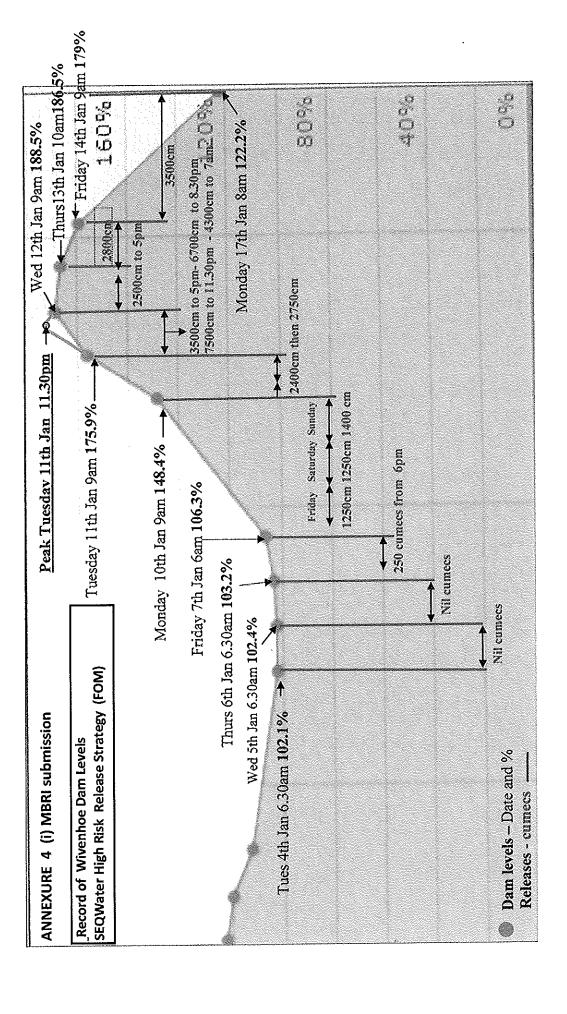


Water Level and Water Release Graphs

- 72. The Annexure 4(i) Graph shows the impact on Wivenhoe Dam water levels of the Seqwater high risk strategy.
- 73. The Annexure 4(ii) Graph with the yellow line indicates the levels that would have eventuated using the MBRI low risk strategy.
- 74. The Annexure 4(iii) Graph with the green line indicates the levels that would have eventuated had Seqwater maintained a wet season 75% urban water storage which Seqwater has now implemented exactly as recommended by MBRI.
- 75. MBRI cannot be accused of hindsight. The annexed correspondence referred to in paragraph 64 refers to these concerns.
- 76. Both the situations illustrated in Annexures 4(ii) and 4(iii) show that the extreme releases of 6700cumecs and 7500cumecs would have been avoided.
- 77. These extreme releases occurred <u>in the dark and without warning</u> to residents in Fernvale and the upper reaches of the mid Brisbane River.
- 78. These extreme releases caused massive energy surges damaging all before them and flooding large areas of Lowood and Fernvale that were not damaged in 1974.
- 79. The theories of the respected Mr Robert Manning are apposite in this regard.
- 80. It should also be noted that the increased releases of Friday 14 January, 2011 re-flooded properties and homes that owners had commenced to clean up.
- 81. The releases suggested by the MBRI are "within the upper limit of non damaging floods downstream" as described in Strategies W2 and W3 of the FOM.

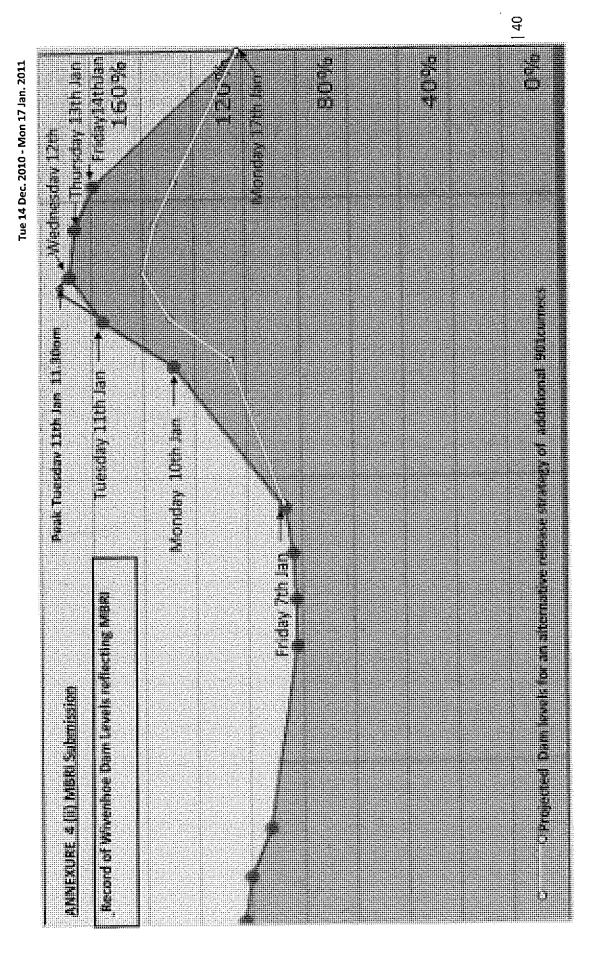


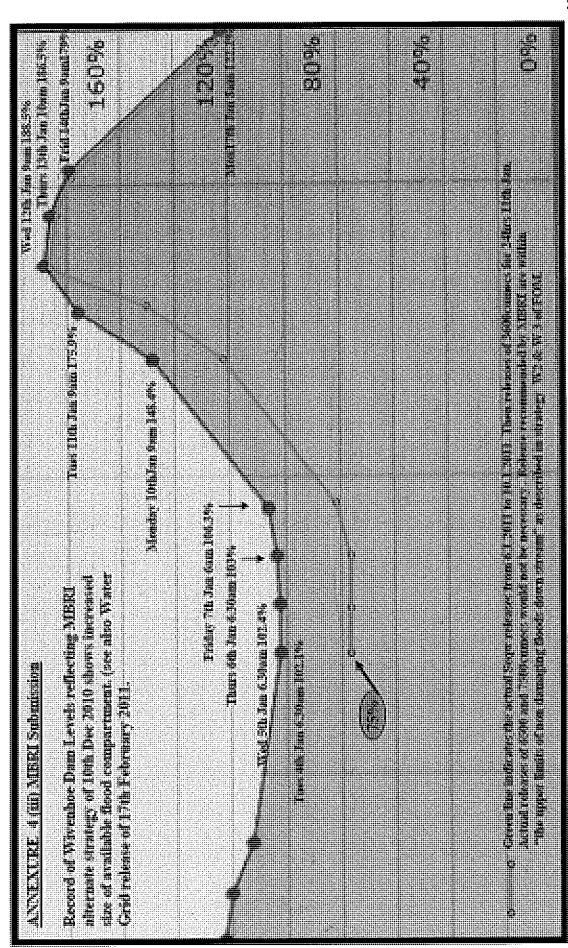
- 82. Annexure 4(iv) histogram shows two graphs which provide a comparison between SEQ high risk strategy and MBRI's opinion of what could have been a low risk strategy.
- 83. Subsequent to the preparation of this submission Seqwater has issued a Report on the operation of Somerset and Wivenhoe dam. MBRI considers that the Conclusions set out in the Executive Summary will be shown to be substantially self serving when assessed against the actual activities and communications from Seqwater contemporary with the Flood Event. Rainfall forecasting will never be an exact science. Depending on such forecasts requires judgement and also having a contingency. Flood mitigation can rarely be successful should process override common sense, conservatism and experience when executing a high risk strategy.

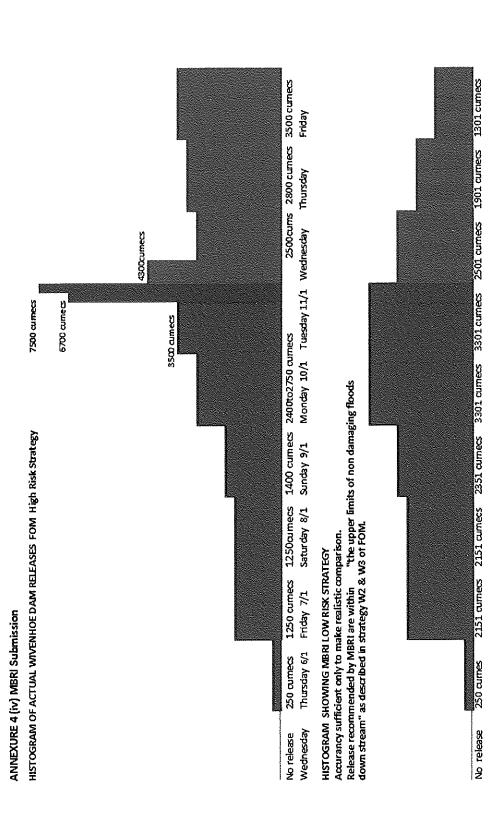




Historic water levels in Lake











ANNEXURE 4 (ii) Page 2 MBRI Submission

SEQW RELEASED Tuesday 11th. The day and night of the flooding

4 hours x 60minutes x 60seconds x 3500cm = 50,400,000cumecs Sam to 12noon 3500cm = 99,000,000cumecs 5.5 hours x 60 x60 x Average 5000cm 12pm to 5.30pm 3500cm increasing to 6700cm Total = 311,400,000cumecs

=162,000,000 cumecs

6 hours x 60 x 60 x Average 7500cm

5.30pm to 11.30pm 6750cm increasing to 7500cm =

311,400,000cumecs were released over a period of 15.30hrs (½+ of 1 day)

ALTERNATE RELEASES - LOW RISK If released over a 2,3,4 day period would have caused Minor to Moderate flooding in Fernvale and downstream,

As of Friday the dam was 106% full and a flood event was occurring. The releases itemized below would have substantially reduced the level of flooding in Fernvale Ipswich and Brisbane and would have preceded the Lockyer and Bremer peaks also high tides in Brisbane.

4day Friday, Saturday, Sunday & Monday =4 day 96hours@ 901cumecs = 311,400,000cumecs plus aiready being released 1200cm +901 = 2101cumecs

3 day Starting Saturday 5unday and Monday 3 days 72 hrs @ 1201cumecs = 311,400,000cumecs plus already being released 1250cm +1201 = 2451cumecs

2 day Sunday and Monday 2 days 48hrs @ 1802cumecs

=311,400,000cumecs plus aiready being released 1400cm +1802 = 3202cumecs

None of the above constituted a risk to the Town Water supply which was secure because the rain had already fallen in the catchment. Grantham was not known about on the above dates so cannot be said, were waiting for the Lockyer to peak. The releases itemized above cannot be considered in hindsight.

A further 157,000,00cumecs would have reduced the volume in the dam if on Tuesday based on any of the above scenarios the releases continued, say 2500cumecs from 6am to 11.30pm (peak 10cms off fuse)

They knew 8000cumecs (3000 Somerset 5000 Wivenhoe) was running into the dam Sunday but only 1400/1600 was being released. Heavy rains never let up until Tuesday 11th afternoon.

CHANGES TO BE MADE 1. Water releases should not be governed solely by the Lockyer and Bremer peaks

2. Infrastructure -- Inundation of Bridges should not govern water releases

That the Manual be interpreted in a more flood averse way.



The Flood

- 84. Seqwater had considerable warning that this was a major Flood Event, as defined in FOM. Emails from to MBRI members stressed:
 - "+50mm on Sunday Monday storms next few days" (Thursday, 16.12.2010
 @ 6:55a.m.)
 - "rain event developing" (Saturday, 19.12.2010@ 6:44a.m.)
 - significant rainfall to occur next week" (Wednesday, 22.12.2010 @ 8:25a.m.)
 - "situation to deteriorate over long weekend" (Thursday, 23.12.2010 @ 7:50a.m.)
 - "current severe weather warnings" (Friday, 24.12.2010 @ 4:52p.m.)
 - "total rainfall forecast 100 150 mm over catchment for next 4 days" (Sunday, 26.12.2010 @ 10:24a.m.)
 - "severe weather warning reissued and further heavy rainfall expected in catchment" (Monday, 27.12.2010 @ 7:58a.m.)
 - "severe weather warning for next few days" (Wednesday, 05.01.2011 @
 12:26p.m.)
 - "BOM forecast for rain until Tues next week" (Thursday, 06.01.2011 @ 12:32p.m.)
 - "heavy rainfall from Sunday to Tuesday" (Friday, 07.01.2011 @ 10.56a.m.)
 - "forecast for next 4 days is significant rainfall" (Saturday, 08.01.2011 @ 8.26a.m.)
 - "heavy rain until Tuesday" (Sunday, 09.01.2011 @ at 8.33p.m.)



- "current severe weather alert and further falls of heavy rainfall appear likely" (Tuesday, 11.01.2011 @ 9:50a.m.
- 85. Seqwater emails indicate massive inflows to both Somerset and Wivenhoe Dams from the catchment areas, variously described as:
 - "flooding situation has deteriorated Upper Brisbane R at moderate flood levels levels" (Thursday, 06.01.2011 @ 4:39p.m.);
 - "Major flooding in catchments 5000cumecs upper Bris R and 3000cumecs
 Stanley River and rain continuing." (Sunday, 09.01.2011 @ 8.33pm);
- 86. By 10.27p.m. Sunday, 9 January 2011, the total inflows into the dams reached 11,700 curves and only 1,400 curves was being released. Thirty-two hours at this inflow/outflow would fill the Flood Compartment.
- 87. At 3.25p.m. Monday, 10 January 2011, the peak flow above Wivenhoe Dam at Gregors Creek Station was similar to the 1974 peak flow below the Dam at Savages Crossing, with a combination of Brisbane River, Lockyer Creek and Somerset Dam.
- 88. The Commission is referred to the article written by Mr Daniel Hurst in the Brisbane Times on 13 October, 2010 wherein Mr Barry Dennien Chief Executive is quoted: "If there was a bigger event than 1974 in terms of rainfall and inflows we're prepared for that", and further, "Based on trigger points of the dams, they start opening the gates when it approaches that full supply level."
- 89. This article is then to be considered alongside that by Mr Hedley Thomas of The Australian on 21 February 2011 wherein a landowner, Mr Chris McConnel is reported as telephoning the operators of Wivenhoe Dam to express his concerns about an imminent flood and being advised: "Call back tomorrow." That article reports that after Mr McConnel replied "That's going to be too bloody late. We're going to get a big flood and the dam needs to be releasing a lot more water to cope", the response received from the staff person was: "Well, I cannot add to what I have said. Please ring back tomorrow."

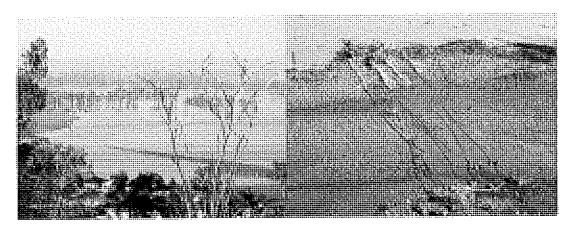


- 90. The chart of email communications (<u>Annexure 3</u>) shows that it was only on Tuesday 11 January 2011 at 7:43p.m. when irrigators and landholders were advised: "Flood levels to be significantly higher than 1974 flood." By that time, electricity was down in most areas along the mid Brisbane River.
- 91. There was no other communication sent to advise irrigators and landholders of what was, by then, imminent major flooding.
- 92. The mid Brisbane River peaked at different points sometime between the above email and Wednesday 12 January, 2011 at 5:04a.m.
- 93. The comparisons between the 1974 flood and the 2011 flood as advised in the emails are as follows:

Lowood 1974 - 22 metres 2011 - 25.09 metres
 Savages Crossing 1974 - 23.8 metres 2011 - 24.13 metres
 Mt Crosby Weir 1974 - 26.7 metres 2011 - 26.0 metres

- 94. It is clear that the regions closer to Wivenhoe Dam were more affected by the depth of water than were those further away, where the water did not reach the 1974 flood level.
- 95. MBRI raises the question whether this was as a result of the massive amount of water that was released from Wivenhoe Dam in proximity to those areas with the water having little time to spread out due to the force of the ongoing release.





Just after the peak in Fernvale

Fallen power lines (example of infrastructure damage)



Massive scarring on Lowood - Fernvale section Bank slumping south of Fernvale



Large tree washed down causing scouring

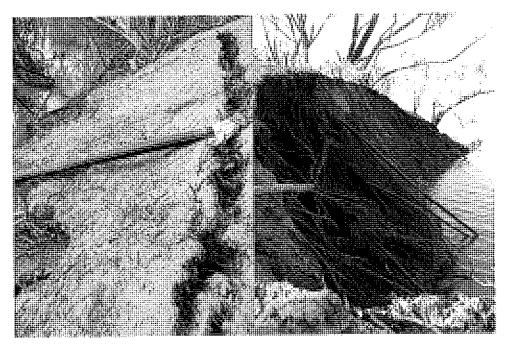
Example of damaged fence lines





More fence and tree damage

River bank scouring



Pump site beginning to slump

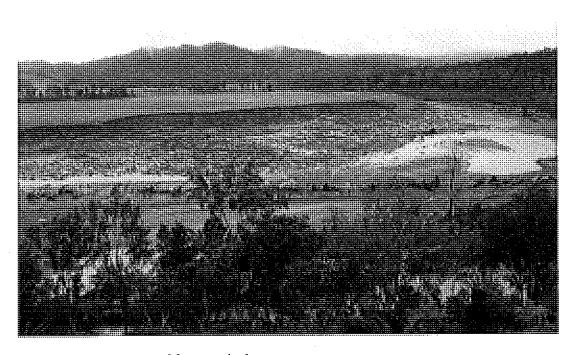
Pump site after slumping



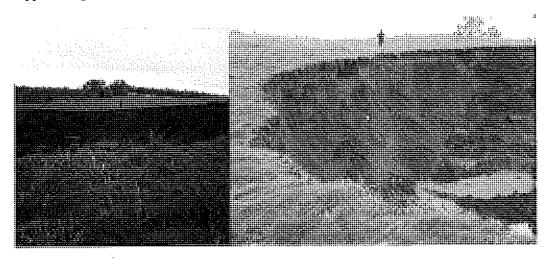
More Infrastructure Damage

Bank slumping and fence damage



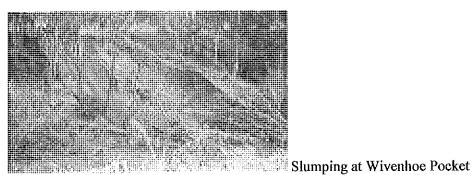


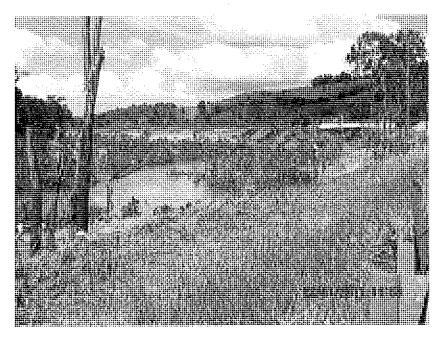
Approx. Eight hectares of farm washed away



Massive slumping at Pine Mountain





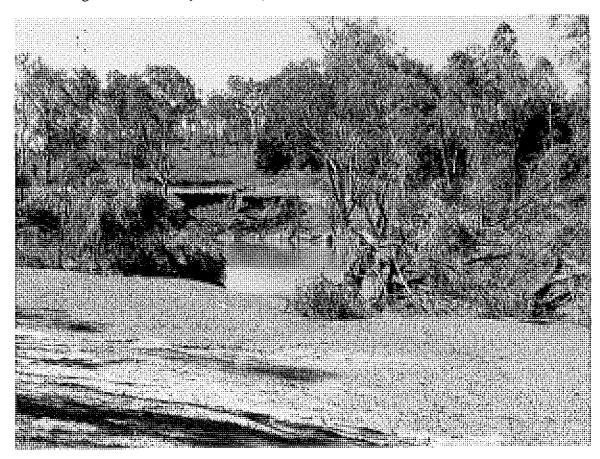


Gum trees snapped off on the Fernvale -Lowood stretch of the river





More mature gums devastated by the velocity of the release south of Fernvale



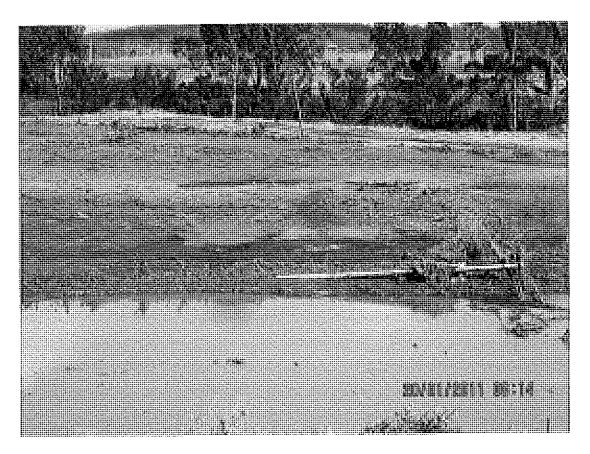
Twisted trees and bank slumping south of Fernvale



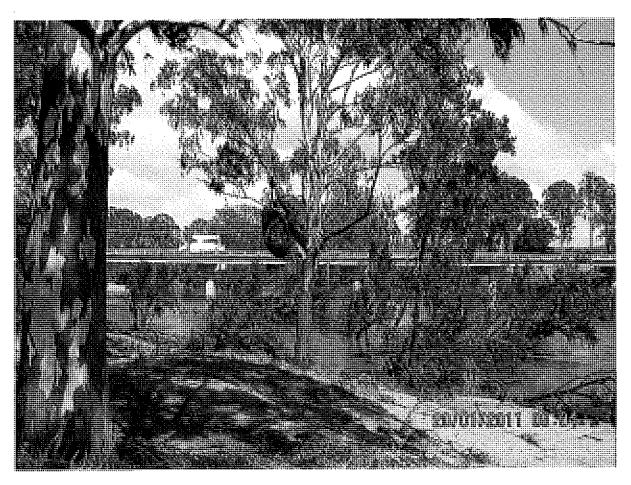
Massive damage to quarry office on a farm north of Fernvale



More trees snapped in the Lowood Fernvale Stretch



Infrastructure damage north of Fernvale



A poly tank wrapped around a tree showing the velocity of the water



Post Flood

- 96. Wivenhoe Dam water released in 1986 (following Cyclone Aivu) damaged properties, riverbanks, pumps, pumpsites & vegetation.
- 97. Landowners on the Mid Brisbane River were assured by Wivenhoe Dam operators that this would not happen again as the FOM prevented it.
- 98. A table of the damage caused by the January 2011 floods appears below.

Fences –	conservative estimate of over 120 km
Power Infrastructure -	numerous private poles need to be replaced
Pump sites –	washed away, extensive earth works required to reinstate
Bank Slumping –	extensive and irreparable
Lost Production –	six to twelve months on most farms
Irrigation equipment -	- extensive damage
Livestock Loss –	unknown numbers lost
TOTAL DAMAGE	\$MILLIONS

- 99. Refer Appendix 6 for photos of flood damage along the length of the river.
- 100. Many comparisons have been made between the recent flood event and that of 1974. Perhaps the most telling comparison is that of the velocity.
- 101. The water being released from Wivenhoe came from a height well above the level of the river and thus had a tremendous velocity.
- 102. This was observed along the length of the river by landholders who witnessed this event and the event of 1974.
- 103. This velocity caused extensive environmental damage to the river, wiping out large gum trees which have lived in this situation for hundreds and perhaps

- thousands of years and have survived many natural flood events, only to be felled by the massive man made peak.
- 104. The heavy suspended sediment load now carried by the river will be continuing for extended periods due to the continuing riverbank erosion process now set up.
- 105. The resultant poor water quality will require continuing expensive treatment to fulfil the requirements for urban water supply.
- 106. Although the flood water has passed, the river bank slumping is continuing to occur on various river front properties due to the saturated land masses now drying out, contracting and falling. Soil conservationists have advised MBRI members that this can happen without warning and caution needs to be exercised along riverbanks.
- 107. Full poly tanks with 5,000l of water have been swept away by the flood waters as have loaded containers.
- 108. Livestock have been swept away and in some instances have swum down stream to clamber up riverbanks, miles from their farms.
- 109. Farming equipment has been swept away or destroyed.
- 110. Kilometres of fencing have been destroyed.
- 111. Top soil to varying depths on farms has been swept away.
- 112. Homes have suffered extensive damage. Ceilings and walls have been destroyed. Furniture has been destroyed, lifted and dumped by the flood waters, windows broken and small buildings swept away. Kitchens and bathrooms have been destroyed. Carpets and soft furnishings have been destroyed.
- 113. Values of inundated properties have been negatively affected.
- 114. Many of these homeowners will not receive flood insurance and will not be eligible for the larger government grants due to the value of their other assets which easily exceeds that set by the government.



115. Few of this region's landholders are not suffering financial and emotional distress following the flood.



Release Strategies

- 116. The 'Manual of Operational Procedures for Flood Mitigation at Wivenhoe Dam & Somerset Dam Revision 7' was only publicly released after the Jan 2011 flood.
- 117. In relation to the Flood Mitigation Objectives, Section 3.6 of the FOM states 'when determining the time interval between successive gate closures consideration should also be given to reducing potential bank slumping. Rapid draw down of stream levels where banks are saturated should be avoided if this can be managed within the other flood mitigation objectives'.
- 118. The Dam operators are in clear breach of the FOM by ignoring this objective.
- 119. The requirement for stored floodwaters to be emptied from the dams within seven days of the flood event peak passing through the dams concertinas the volume of water into a short period of time. This creates a higher peak, stronger flow and rapid draw down of water compared to a natural flow.
- 120. Seqwater's 'Sustainability Charter' dated 17 September, 2010 states that it is committed:
 - 1. 'to work within the restorative capacity of our environment':
 - minimise our environmental footprint
 - work in partnership with others to restore the natural productivity of our catchments
 - scale what we do to the adaptive limits & productive potential of each ecosystem
 - 2. 'to nurture confidence in the strength of our communities':
 - communicate openly to create active & knowledgeable community partnerships



- respond to communities in ways that respect & encourage the value they place on water.
- 121. By requiring the water storage in FOM clause 8.4 and thus necessitating a release of water as has happened in January 2011, the FOM and the Sustainability Charter cannot be consistent.
- 122. The MBRI believes that the recent flood event was made worse by the release strategy selected by the Dam operators. After viewing the FOM post the flood it is evident that the WI release strategies were used from the beginning of the flood, right through to Monday morning, 10 January, 2011.
- 123. Reported inflows in this period amounted to approx 11,700cubic metres per second and the outflows were only 1400 cubic metres per second. The Dam increased from 106% to 148% over the weekend yet the strategy was not changed, thus enabling high level crossings to remain open longer.
- 124. When Wivenhoe Dam was being planned it was promised that all low level bridges would be rebuilt to a higher level, which apart from the bridge at Fernvale has not happened.
- 125. The obsession by the Dam operators with keeping Colleges Crossing open is questionable as although a high traffic area, it is little more than a causeway and other roads, albeit longer routes, are available for motorists. To concentrate on keeping this Crossing open for vehicular traffic at the expense of riverbank slumping suggests their priorities are wrong.
- 126. Aside from the environmental damage to the riverbanks, slumping causes sediment to enter the River which reduces water quality.
- 127. Seqwater has a vested interest in maintaining water quality in relation to minimising water treatment costs downstream at the Mt Crosby Weir Water Treatment Works.
- 128. The reason given to the MBRI by the Dam operators for this release strategy was that FOC was waiting for the Lockyer Creek to peak so that the water from



Wivenhoe Dam could be released on the back of this peak. This of course in the end only placed a man made peak (caused by the massive urgent release from Wivenhoe on Tuesday 11 January 2011) on top of the natural peak from the Lockyer. The emails from Seqwater to the MBRI members substantiate this claim. Without this man made peak the MBRI believe that the damage to our properties would have been much less intense.

- 129. If the release strategies of the present are maintained, this will happen again and again. The river system will no longer be a natural system and will require redesigning to be made more like a shallow channel with gradually sloping grassed banks resembling a suburban drain.
- 130. The release strategy needs to be changed to more closely mimic nature to prevent this extensive environmental damage from occurring in the future. To do this the releases should be made earlier in the event to reduce the peak and extended over a longer period tapering the flow to prevent bank slumping and hydraulic drawdown. (Refer Annexure 4ii).



Sustainability Charter

Water for life - vibrant, sustainable and optimistic urban and rural communities and businesses. That's our vision for the future of South East Queenstand.

Our Lusiness performance depends on catchment quality, community confidence, and economic bealth. Business sustainability - commercial performance in step with the fertile potential of natural and social systems - is critical to our future.

At Sequater, we believe:

- The community has a natural right to water for life.
- Water for life depends on the origoing health of consider
- Science undsepins koowiedge about the complexity of systems.
- Kocy,tedgeable people make the difference.
- to succeed.

We are committed to:

ojastabierotykiem:

How the continuous of the cont AVORNOUS LIBERTHUS ARRESTRATE RESERVATION sting natural specification of some salternature o systematery apotochy c propins units and productive potential

Well-framed markets promite incentives for people, communities and businesses

> Respondence on water
>
> • Continually development of our professional, compersonal roles with integration of our communities openly to create active and knowledgeable community partnerships respect and encourage the value they place

Continually develop ourselves to fulfill our professional, community and personal roles with integrity

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We are all responsible for meeting the chellenges and opportunities of operating sustainably. We will measure, monitor and report on our sustainability performance.

Phi Harnessy

17th September 2010

Clief Excoutive Officer

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<u>History of email exchange between MBRI, Mr Wayne Wendt MP and Mr Mike</u> Foster of Sequater.

From: Ken & Carolyn Schmidt Sent: Wednesday, 2 February 2011 6:18 PM To: IpswichWest Electorate Office; Cc: Subject: Meeting with FOC
To Wayne Wendt and Graham Lehman
We were most appreciative of your meeting with us last Thursday and hoped that would result in a more cooperative approach from SEQW. Despite a friendly call from it is clear as from yesterday that no one in authority or of consequence from SEQW or the FOC is prepared to meet with us despite our repeated assertions that our focus is not on a witch hunt, but on a constructive approach to avoiding a repeat of events that occurred in the period 7 th to 14 th of January 2011.

Our position is that there appears to a clear failure to comply with the Manual prepared and legally adopted for flood control in Wivenhoe and Somerset. This despite vitally important pages being blacked out(see page 30). We believe that may be dealt with by the Government's Commission of Enquiry despite public opinion that the Government has acted contrary to accepted good practice in relation to appointments to keep the Commission genuinely independent.

We firmly believe that the current stonewall by SEQW gives no confidence to people who live below the Dam(Fernvale to Brisbane) that anything has been learned from the recent event and that there is every likelihood that should a Major Flood Event occur the same tragic result will follow. We would appreciate your continued help in arranging a meeting with FOC to enable us to gain some confidence that an event like the last will not happen again.

Regards

Ken Schmidt

Chairman

Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc.



Ph.

Mob.

E-Mail

From: IpswichWest Electorate Office Sent: Thursday, 3 February 2011 8:27 AM

To: 'Ken & Carolyn Schmidt';

Cc: Cr Graeme Lehmann

Subject: RE: Meeting with FOC

Hi Ken

I am currently trying to ascertain what can be done in regard to this email. As soon as I know more I will be back in touch.

Wayne

From: IpswichWest Electorate Office [mailto:Ipswich.West@parliament.qld.gov.au]

Sent: Thursday, 3 February 2011 12:47 PM

To: IpswichWest Electorate Office; Ken & Carolyn Schmidt; mail@somerset.qld.gov.au

Cc: Cr Graeme Lehmann

Subject: RE: Meeting with FOC

Hi Ken

Further to my earlier email I am aware that everyone is working together to try to ensure that a meeting takes place ASAP.

To ensure that this occurs I have been emphasising the following, which is my understanding of your position last week:

- that the MBRI are wishing to bring a number of suggestions and thoughts on flood management to the table;
- that the MBRI members have experience in flood management and control;
- that the MBRI seeks to work co-operatively together with all affected parties for the benefit of the entire SEQ region;
- that the MBRI will not be asking questions, or seeking answers to specific flood management practices at this early stage. Bearing in mind that these issues will be followed up as part of the Commission of Inquiry terms of reference.



I would appreciate your advice as to whether or not these issues have been covered correctly.

Cheers

Wayne

Wayne Wendt MP

State Member for Ipswich West

Shop 1, Brassall Shopping Centre 68 Hunter Street, Brassall Qld. 4305

2 07 38130074

□ 07 38130076

☐ ipswich.west@parliament.gld.gov.au

Please consider the environment before printing this email

From: Ken & Carolyn Schmidt

Sent: Friday, 4 February 2011 12:37 PM

To: IpswichWest Electorate Office

Subject: RE: Meeting with FOC

Dear Wayne

Thanks for the email and we are pleased that you have identified the issues as you saw them. We would just like to make some points about these issues that we may differ with you about

Dot point 2. MBRI is not claiming to have experience in flood management control in the context of the management of Wivenhoe. We are however very experienced in the negative impacts to our farms and riverbanks since the installation of Wivenhoe. In addition we have been kept well informed about what was eventuating at Wivenhoe and Somerset since October and had already approached SEQW management to have changes made but without success.

Dot point 4. We are seeking advice and answers to specific flood management practices because we expect that should another major flood event occur under the present interpretation of the Manual then the same disastrous consequences will impact our businesses and the community in general.

The Manual states that history shows a significant probability that a repeat of this last flood event will occur. Do the Government, SEQW and the Commission really believe that the community should suffer the risk of the same disastrous consequences prior to producing their report just because the FOC and SEQW fear that they may have been found wanting in their management of this Flood Event. Surely the Commission would support SEQW taking a different course of action now if it mitigated the risk of further flooding.



Wayne, we need urgent action to allay community fears about the remainder of the Wet season

We have arranged to meet with from DERM on Wednesday 9th Feb at 2.00pm at my residence though at this stage his ability to influence the outcome the community needs seems limited. We would welcome your attendance if that is possible.

Ken Schmidt

Chairman

Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc.



Hi Ken

I discussed my understanding of the meeting with Graeme Lehmann who confirmed the details before I sent you the email below. I was very clear on the day of the meeting in ensuring that you simply wanted to pass on your concerns and experiences.

Unfortunately due to the short notice of this event I will not be able to attend as I have another meeting in Brisbane. However I hope that the meeting is constructive and beneficial to all.

Cheers'



Wayne

Wayne Wendt MP State Member for Ipswich West

Shop 1, Brassall Shopping Centre 68 Hunter Street, Brassall Qld. 4305

2 07 38130074

□ 07 38130076

☐ <u>ipswich.west@parliament.qld.gov.au</u>

Please consider the environment before printing this email

Ken,

Thanks for your email below.

Seqwater does not have an issue meeting with yourself or your members. However as per our discussions and your email below, the issues you wish to discuss are now before a Commission of Inquiry. As you agreed, a meeting with Seqwater at this stage is likely to result in frustration for both yourself and your members given the limitations on what Seqwater can discuss.

Seqwater has discussed the nature of your concerns and the Office of the Dam Safety Regulator who has agreed to a meeting.

The Dam Safety Regulator

has requested you contact him on

to arrange a

time.

Cheers

Mike

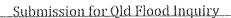
From: Ken & Carolyn Schmidt

Sent: Wednesday, 23 February 2011 9:04 PM

To: Mike Foster

Subject: Information request

22 February 2011





Mike

Manager, Strategic Relations Manager

SEQ Water

Dear Mike,

You may recall that committee members of the Mid-Brisbane River Irrigators Association met with SEQ Water representatives at Wivenhoe Dam on 10 December 2010. At that meeting those present raised concerns about the level of water in Wivenhoe Dam and the forecast for the forthcoming months.

In light of that meeting and the events that followed in January 2011, we would be grateful if you would supply the following information:

- 1. the strategies selected by the FOC progressively in the period Thursday 6/1/11 to Wednesday 12/1/11;
- 2. the rainfalls forecast to fall in the Wivenhoe Dam catchment area over the same period; and
- 3. a copy of communications between the FOC and Dam control personnel in the same period.

Regards

Ken Schmidt

Chairman



Mid Brisbane River Irrigators Inc.



Thanks for your email Ken

The information you seek will be contained in an event report Seqwater is required to submit to the Dam Safety Regulator. The report will also be provided to the Commission of Inquiry where it is our understanding that it will be made public.

As previously discussed, any public release of this information and any commentary around prior to consideration by the Commission would be deemed to be a contempt of the Commission.

Seqwater's preference is to have this information in the public arena as soon as possible to provide the community with all the relevant information surrounding the January event. As an organisation we are greatly looking forward to telling our story in the Commission.

In relation to timing, it is our understanding that the management of Wivenhoe Dam over the January event period will be among some of the first issues considered by the Commission.

Happy to discuss.

Cheers Mike



Annexure 11

Bundle of Sequater emails

